

Material Safety Data Sheet

According to Regulation No 1907/2006/EC – REACH, No. 453/2010 and No 1272/2008/EC - CLP

Version No: 2.1

Date of revision: 01/23/2015 Replaced version No: 2.0

SECTION 1	Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking			
1.1	Product identifier	FOMA UNIVERSAL DEVELOPER, small part		
	Other name or labeling of product:	-		
1.2	Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against			
	Two-component powdery positive-working developer intended fir processing of black and white photographic papers			
1.3	Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet			
	Supplier : Downstream User (Producer Mixture)	FOMA BOHEMIA spol. s r.o.(Ltd.) J. Krušinky 1737/6, 500 02 Hradec Králové tel: 495 733 111		
	E-mail address and phone number ilona.spackova@foma.cz +420495733368			
1.4	Emergency telephone number (Czech)	Toxicologic institute (TIS) Na Bojišti 1, 128 21 Praha 2 Tel. 224919293, 224915402 (continuous telephone information service)		

SECTION 2	Hazards identification			
2.1	Classification (according to Regulation No 1272/2008, 790/2009 – CLP)			
	Carc.2;H351			
	Muta 2;H341			
	AcuteTox.4;H302			
	Eye Dam.1;H318			
	Skin Sens.2;H317			
	Aquatic Acute1;H400			
	Aquatic Chronic 2;H411			
	Classification (according to Directive No 1999/45/ES – (DPD)			
	Carc.Cat.3;R40			
	Muta.Cat.3;R68			
	Xn;R22,			
	Xi;R41,R43			
	R31			
	N;R50			

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:
Suspected of causing cancer and genetic defects. Harmful if swallowed, strongly damaging to eyes.
May cause sensitization by skin contact. Very dangerous for the environment with long lasting effects.

2.2 Lal	2.2 Label elements (according to Regulation No 1272/2008/EC, 790/2009/EC – CLP)			
Identification of pr	roduct	FOMA UNIVERSAL DEVELOPER, small part		
hazard pictogram				
signal word		Danger		
hazard	H351	Suspected of causing cancer		
statement(s) (H-,	H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects		
phrases)	H302	Harmful if swallowed		
	H318	Causes serious eye damage		
	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction		
	H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
	EUH031	Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.		
precautionary	P102	Keep out of reach of children		
statement	P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.		
(P- phrases)	P262	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing		
	P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove		
		contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing		
	P273	Avoid release to the environment		
	P501	Dispose of contents/container to collecting place for dangerous waste in		
		accordance with national regulations.		
		Contain: Hydroquinone, Phenidon, Sodium pyrosulfite		
		FOMA BOHEMIA spol. s r.o., J. Krušinky 1737/6, 500 02 Hradec Králové tel: 495 733 111		

2.3	Other hazards			
	The substance does not belong to the category of PBT, vPvB, SVHC			
	Contact with acids liberates toxic sulfur dioxide			

SECTION 3			Composition/information on ingredients					
3.2 Mixtur		ıres	res					
Folder name			Index number	CAS number	ES number	Content %	Classification	
Sodium pyrosulfite	01- 2119531 -45-0000	326	016-063- 00-2	7681-57-4	231-673-0	< 80	Acute Tox.4;H302 Eye Dam.1;H318	Xn;R22, Xi;R41 R31
Hydroquinone	01- 2119524 -51-xxxx	16	604-005- 00-4	123-31-9	204-617-8	< 25	Carc.2;H351 Muta.2;H341 AcuteTox.4;H302 EyeDam.1;H318 SkinSens.1;H317 Aquatic Acute1; H400 Aquatic Chronic1; H410 M(acute)=10 M(chronic)=1	CarcCat3;R40 MutaCat3;R68 Xn;R22 Xi;R41,R43 N;R50

(Full text R, H-phrases... section 16)

SECTION 4	First aid measures		
4.1	Description of first aid measures		
	Disabled person to lead from the contaminated area, bringing it into a state of peace and to facilitate breathing by loosening clothing, watch, and if necessary to maintain its vital functions. If you are experiencing symptoms of acute injury (shortness of breath, persistent cough, chest pain, nausea, impaired sensory perception, fainting, etc.), call a physician or transport the injured person to a doctor.		
	After contact with skin:Wash affected area thoroughly with water.		
	Eye Contact: Remove any contact lenses and eye as soon as possible wash with plenty water. If necessary, open up violence cramped eyelids. Avoid contamination not contaminated eye wash liquid Do not neutralize. Seek medical help.		
	Exposure by inhalation: Remove patient to fresh air, warm water rinse eyes, mouth and nasal cavity.		
	Ingestion: Affected person calm, clear water rinse. Place to drink a glass (about 0.4 dl) of cold water. Do not induce vomiting. If affected persone vomit spontaneously, control to prevent inhalation of vomit. Do not administer activated charcoal, and no neutralizing agent. Call a physician or transport the affected person to a doctor.		
4.2	Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed		
	Not known		
4.3	Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		
	In the workplace, running water and soap.		

SECTION 5	Firefighting measures
5.1	Extinguishing media
	The product is not very flammable. Extinguishing agents adapt burning nearby.
	Inappropriate extinguishing media: N.a.
5.2	Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
	When burning or contact with acids liberates sulfur dioxide
5.3	Advice for firefighters: Breathing apparatus, workwear

SECTION 6	Accidental release measures
6.1	Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
	Zoom out persons not participating in the elimination of consequences of the accident out of reach. Ventilate enclosed spaces. When removing the consequences of the accident using the prescribed personal protective equipment. When working on the disposal of the accident contained breathing apparatus and full protective suit. No smoking and treatment with an open fire.
6.2	Environmental precautions

	Do not allow substance to enter soil, sewage system, surface and groundwater.		
6.3	Methods and material for containment and cleaning up		
	The spilled product by mechanical collection. According to the extent of leakage select the appropriate tools: broom, dustpan, vacuum equipment, etc. Minimize dust. Gather into a suitable labeled container for further processing or disposal. Spill site with water. Contaminated washing water contain and remove.		
6.4	Reference to other sections		
	See section 13		

SECTION 7	Handling and storage
7.1	Precautions for safe handling
	While working to comply with basic requirements of safe work. Wear recommended personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with eyes. By manipulation prohibits eating, drinking and smoking, working with hot materials and open flame. Equipment must be equipped with means of extinguishing in enclosed areas, ventilation should be provided, either naturally or forced. Apparatus, which works with the substance must be tight, equipped with emergency escape in case of space (emergency baths, catch pits) and to prevent leakage into the environment. Electrical equipments must be installed in non explosion proof (including lighting). Workplaces must be kept clean and escape routes must remain free.
7.2	Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
	Store in original container in a cool, dry and well ventilated place. Containers should be stored separately from food. The working solution prepare according to the instructions.
7.3	Specific end use(s)
	See in 1.2., Other uses – not available

SECTION 8	Exposure controls/personal protection				
8.1	Control parameters Government Regulation No 361/2007 Coll Conditions for health workers at work and occupational exposure limits in the air of workplaces and ways of measuring and evaluating. (Czech) Hydroquinone: PEL 2 mg/m³ NPK-P 4 mg/m³ Sulfur dioxide: PEL 5 mg/m³ NPK-P 10 mg/m³ Substance is not listed in Notice. No.432/2003 Coll., Laying down limit values of biological exposure tests: not available				
	DNEL: (hydroquinone) Long-Term – derm., systemic. effect Long-Term – inhal., systemic. effect Long-Term – inhal., local. effect	Workers 128 mg/kg bw/day 7 mg/m ³ 1 mg/m ³	General 64 mg/kg bw/day 1.74 mg/m ³ 0,5 mg/m ³		
	PNEC: (hydroquinone) Freshwater 0.114mg/l Seawater 0.0114 mg/l Soil 0.129 ug/kg sediment dw Mikroorganisms in Sewasge Treatment Plant 0.71mg/l				
8.2	Exposure controls Individual protection measures, incl. protective equipment				

Technical measures: Working with a local source of suction and running water for the irrigation needs of the eyes, wash your hands or contaminated parts of the skin.
Tightly closed containers and equipment, natural and mechanical ventilation. Do not allow product to the eyes, mouth, inhalation, skin contact. Do not eat, drink or smoke. Avoid contact with food substances and drinks. After work wash hands with soap and water.
Respiratory protection: During normal handling is not required. In sensitive people (due to possible respiratory irritation) is recommended when mixing solution respirator use
Hand protection: Use rubber (PE, nitril) gloves
Eye protection: Safety glassesor protective face
Skin protection: Workwear
Environmental exposure: Provide preventing spill into waterways, soil and drainage.

SECTION 9	Physical and chemical properties		
9.1	Information on basic physical and chemical properties		
	Appearance	White powder	
	Odour	Moderate, nonspecific	
	рН	cca 10,5 (solution after mixing small and big part)	
	Melting point/freezing point	N.a.	
	Initial boiling point and boiling range	N.a.	
	Flash point	Fireproof	
	Evaporation rate	N.a.	
	Flammability	Incombustible	
	Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Irrelevant	
	Vapour pressure	Unknown	
	Vapour density	Unknown	
	Oxidising properties	No	
	Relative density	N.a.	
	Solubility – watter	cca 200 g/l	
	Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Unknown	
	Auto-ignition temperature	Irrelevant	
	Decomposition temperature	N.a.	
	Viscosity;	Irrelevant	
	Explosive properties	No	
9.2	Other information		
	Fat solubility	N.a.	
	Conductivity	N.a.	

SECTION 10	Stability and reactivity
10.1	Reactivity
	Under normal conditions the product is stable
10.2	Chemical stability
	Under normal conditions the product is stable
10.3	Possibility of hazardous reactions
	Strong mineral acids
10.4	Conditions to avoid
	High temperature
10.5	Incompatible materials
	N.a.
10.6	Hazardous Decomposition Products
	Maybe it emits sulphur dioxide at high temperature or contact with acids

SECTION 11	Toxicological informations		
11.1 lı	nformation on toxicological effects		
Acute toxicit	ty	Harmful if swallowed	
Skin corrosi	on/irritation	Based on available data, the criteria for this classification are not match up	
Serious eye	damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye damage	
Respiratory	or skin sensitisation	May cause an allergic skin reaction	
Germ cell m	utagenicity	Suspected of causing genetic defects	
Carcinogeni	city	Suspected of causing cancer	
Reproductiv	e toxicity	Based on available data, the criteria for this classification are not match up	
Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure		Based on available data, the criteria for this classification are not match up	
Specific target organ toxicity —		Based on available data, the criteria for this classification are not match up	
Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the criteria for this classification are not match up LDL_o oral, human : > 29 mg/kg (hydroquinone) LD_{50} oral rat: > 320 mg/kg (hydroquinone) LD_{50} derm., rat : > 9000 mg/kg (hydroquinone)			
Likely routes of exposure and symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics:			
Toxicity oral. (ingestion / swallowing):			
Ingestion may cause nausea.			
Toxicity inhal. (inhalation):			
The product is not dangerous. Sensitive individuals may irritate respiratory system			
Toxicity deri	Toxicity dermal.		

May cause irritation skin
Eye Contact:
Causes serious eye damage
Immediate, delayed and chronic effects of short and long term exposure:
May cause cancer and genetic defects through prolonged or repeated exposure

SECTION	Ecological information		
12			
12.1	Toxicity		
	LC_{50} (fish)/96hour: 0.15 mg/l (hydroquinone) EC_{50} (daphnia)/24hour: 0.11 mg/l (hydroquinone) LC_{50} (pimephales promelas)/96hour: 0.044mg/l (hydroquinone)		
	EC ₅₀ (water algae)/72hour: 0.33 mg/l (hydroquinone)		
	EC ₅₀ (water algae)/72hour: 0.33 mg/l (sodium pyrosulfite)		
	Mixture is higly toxic for aquatic life		
12.2 Persistence and degradability			
	Hydroquinone is considered to be biologically degradable (test OECD 301C).		
12.3	Bioaccumulative potential,		
	Not expected		
12.4	Mobility in soil		
	N.a., the product is soluble in water		
12.5	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment		
	Not available. Substances are not identified as a PBT or vPvB		
12.6	Other adverse effects		
	WGK=1, lightly risking water		

SECTION	Disposal considerations	
13		
13.1	Waste treatment methods	
	Code and type of waste	09 01 01* – aqueous developer solutions
		15 01 10 * - packaging containing residues of hazardous substances
	The recommended method of disposal of the substance/ preparation:	' '

The recommended method of disposal of contaminated product packaging:	Emptied containers pass to the autorized person
Waste legislation	Directive No. 2008/98/ES

SECTION Transport information

Land transport ADR/RID (cross-border):

Land transport ABTATE (cross border).		
UN number	3077	
UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,N.O.S. (HYDROQUINONE)	
Transport hazard class(es)	9	
Packing group	III	
Labels	9	
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Tunel restriction: E	
Remarks:	The product is carried in single or combination packagings containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 kg or less and is not subject to any other provisions of ADR provided packaging meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1., 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 (according to chapter 3.3 ADR, special provisions 375)	

Maritime transport IMDG:

UN number	3077
UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,N.O.S. (HYDROQUINONE)
IMDG class(es)	9
Packing group	III
EMS number	F-A, S-F
Segregation	Category A
Marine pollutant	Yes
Labels	9
Remarks:	The product is packaged in single or combination packagings containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 kg or less and is not subject to any other provisions of IMDG Code relevant tomarine pollutants provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8. (according to Chapter 2.10, paragraph 2.10.2.7)

Air transport ICAO-TI and IATA-DGR:

UN number	3077
UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,N.O.S. (HYDROQUINONE)

ICAO/IATA class(es)	9
Packing group	Ш
Labels	9 41.
Packing instructions	Passenger aircraft – Packing instruction 956, max. net quantity per package 400 kg
	Cargo aircraft - Packing instruction 956 max. net quantity per package 400 kg
Remarks	The product is transported in single or combination packagings containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 I or less and is not subject to any other provisions of the IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations provided and the packagings used meet defined standards. (according to part 4.4, Special provisions A197)
Environmental hazards	Product contains environmentally hazardous substances:

(Hydroquinone, Phenidon A)

Avoid release to the environment

Special precautions for user

SECTION 15	Regulatory information
15.1	Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, registration, evaluation, autorisation, restriction chemicals (REACH) Regulation (EC) No 453/2010 Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures Direction No 67/548/EHS (DSD), 1999/45/ES (DPD) Act No. 350/2011 Coll. On chemical substances and mixtures Decree No. 381/2001 Coll. Establishing the Waste Catalogue. Government Regulation No. 361/2007 Coll. On the health conditions of workers at work
	European Agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods (ADR) applicable as from 1. January 2015 IMDG Code, MSC 93/22/Add.2 IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations, 56th Edition
15.2	Chemical safety assessment
	The chemical safety assessment for the product was n made.

SECTION 16 Abbreviations, symbols	
Carc.2	Carcinogenity (Category 2)
Muta 2	Mutagenity (Category 2)
Eye Dam.1	Serious eye damage (Category 1)
Skin Sens.1	Skin sensibilisation (Category 1)

Acute Tox.4	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute (Category 4)
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute (Category 1)
Aquatic Chronic1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic (Category 1)
Aquatic Chronic2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic (Category 2)
Carc.Cat.3	Carcinigenity (Category 3)
Muta.Cat.3	Mutagenity (Category 3)
Xn	harmfull
Xi	irritation
N	hazardous to the aquatic environment
CLP	Regulation (ES) č.1272/2008
DPD	Direction (ES) 1999/45/ES
PBT	Persistent, bioaccumulation, toxic
vPvB	High persistent, high bioaccumulation
SVHC	Substance of very hight concerns
DNEL	Derivated No-Effect Level
PNEC	Prediction No-Effect Concentration

Materials used for the processing of safety data sheet		
Information provided by the producter Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for chemical substances		
R, H-phrases:		
H351	Suspected of causing cancer	
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects	
H302	Harmful if swallowed	
H318	Causes serious eye damage	
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction	
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life	
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects	
EUH 031	Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.	
R40	Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect	
R68	Possible risk of irreversible effects	
R22	Harmful if swallowed	
R31	Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.	
R41	Risk of serious damage to eyes	
R43	May cause sensitisation by skin contact	
R51/53	Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.	
R50	Very toxic to aquatic organisms	

Guidance regarding the training of workers:

Workers coming into contact with hazardous chemicals or products must have access to data which are presented in this MSDS and be familiar with them clearly.

Person transporting hazardous chemicals and preparations must be familiar with guidelines for emergency response in accordance with regulations on hazardous goods within the meaning of ADR / RID.

The information contained in this MSDS are currently valid data and best practices for use and handling of this substance under normal conditions. Any other use or handling of this substance, which is not consistent with those of MSDS, excludes liability for defects, respectively damage, which would otherwise meet the producter, importer or retailer.

Revised safety data sheet:

version 2.1 – changes in section 1.3 and 2.2– address of supplier, 14- changed information for maritine and air transport